

Fig. 1(a)

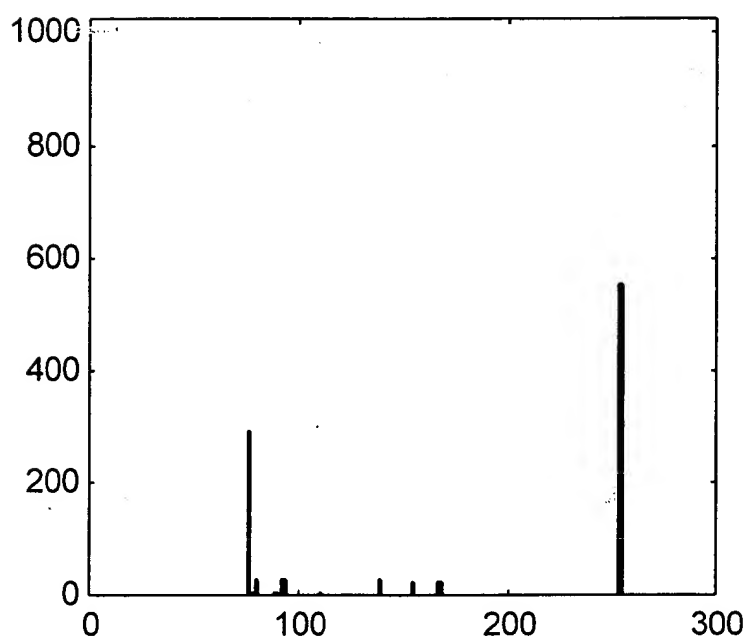


Fig. 1(b)

A bar chart showing the frequency of values for the variable 'number'. The x-axis is labeled 'number' and ranges from 0 to 300 with major ticks every 50 units. The y-axis represents the count of occurrences, ranging from 0 to 1000 with major ticks every 100 units. The chart shows a highly right-skewed distribution with a dominant peak at 250.

number	count
0	220
10	5
20	5
30	5
40	5
50	5
60	5
70	35
80	5
90	5
100	5
110	5
120	5
130	5
140	5
150	5
160	5
170	15
180	5
190	5
200	5
210	5
220	5
230	5
240	5
250	980
260	5
270	5
280	5
290	5
300	5

A histogram showing the frequency distribution of the number of non-zero elements in the matrix A. The x-axis is labeled 'Number of non-zero elements' and ranges from 0 to 300. The y-axis represents frequency, ranging from 0 to 1000. The distribution is highly concentrated at low values, with a sharp peak around 40 non-zero elements reaching a frequency of approximately 1000. The frequency drops rapidly as the number of non-zero elements increases, with very few elements having more than 100 non-zero elements.

Fig. 1(d)

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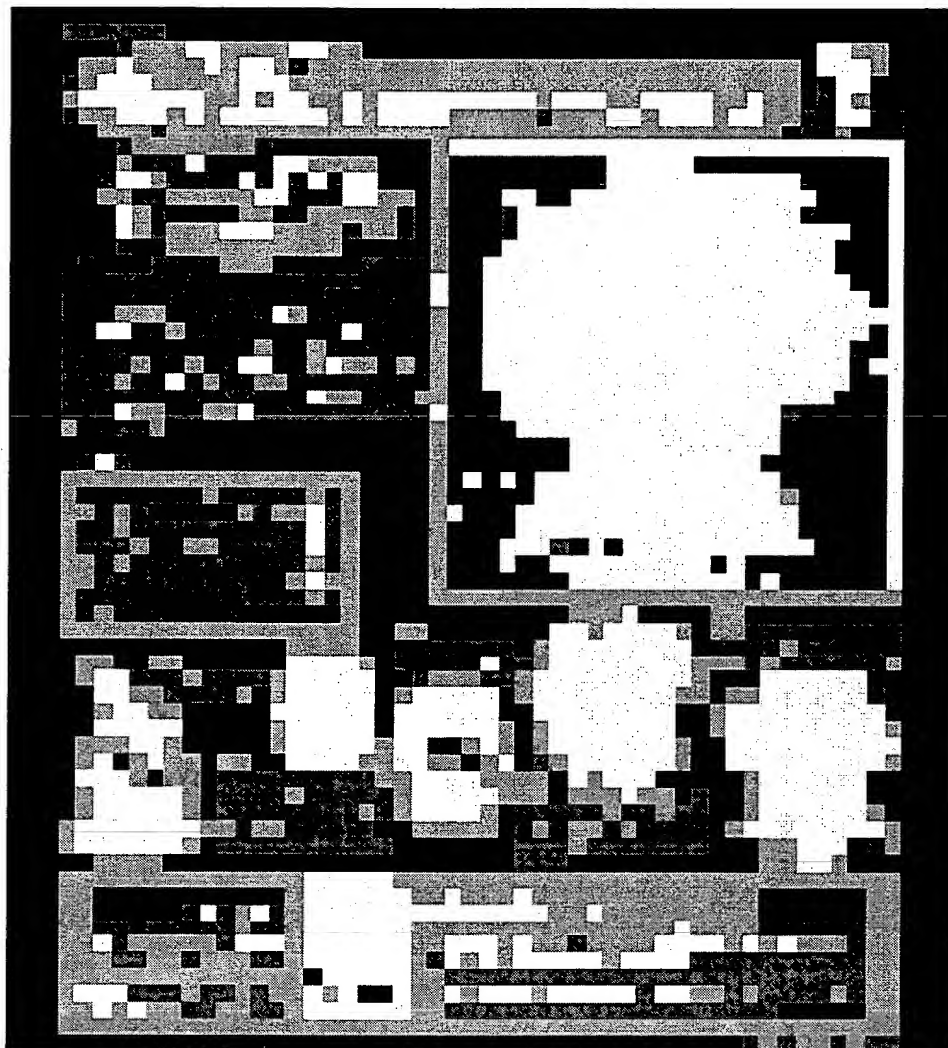


Fig. 3

アジサイ ... アジサイ ... アジサイ ... アジサイ ...
 ラベンダー .. ラベンダー .. ラベンダー .. ラベンダー ..
 ドライフラワ-ドライフラワ-ドライフラワ-ドライフラワ-
 ガラスビン.. ガラスビン.. ガラスビン.. ガラスビン..
 ポプリ..... ポプリ..... ポプリ..... ポプリ.....
 グルーガン... グルーガン... グルーガン... グルーガン...

(a) (b) (c) (d)

Fig. 4

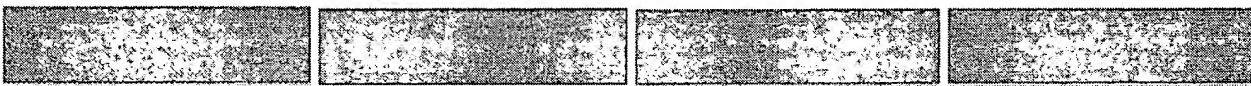

 ラワ-ラワ-ラワ-ラワ-
 (a) (b) (c) (d)

Fig. 5

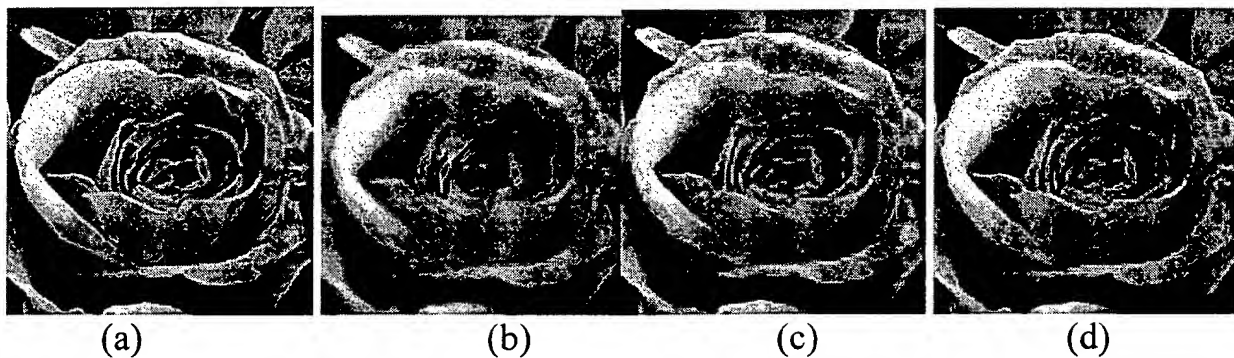


Fig. 6

花の女
でも最
イフラ
(a)

花の女
でも最
イフラ
(b)

花の女
でも最
イフラ
(c)

Fig. 7

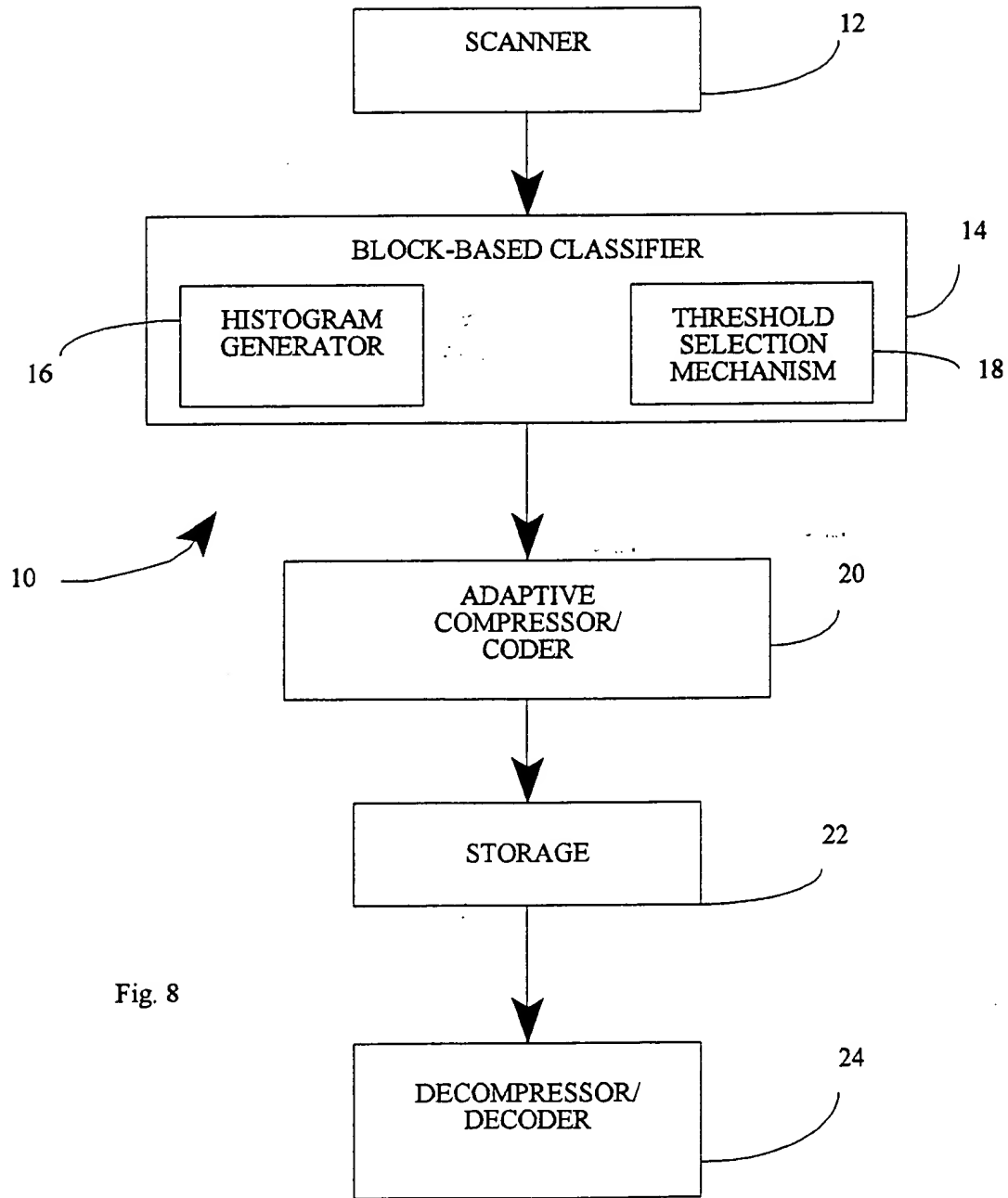


Fig. 8